

HiSeq lane to lane variation related to RNA differential expression experiments



RNASeq lane to lane variation?



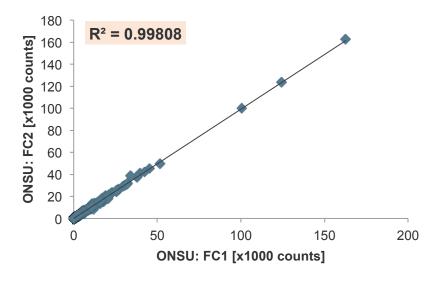
- Problem: Concern that there is <u>lane to lane variation when sequencing</u> <u>RNASeq</u> libraries for expression projects.
- Findings: Technical replicates correlated very well. Furthermore, biological replicate example indicated more variation than technical replicate.
- Design:
 - Used reads from Standard RNASeq libraries (Fungal, Plant, Bacterial)
 - For technical replicates, the same library was run on separate Flowcells (FC)
 - RNASeq reads were "counted" using the JGI standard method by alignment of reads to the reference transcriptome (bwa)
 - For biological replicate, separate RNA was used to construct RNASeq libraries
- Note: in general, literature strongly supports use of biological replicates but not technical replicates.

4/3/14

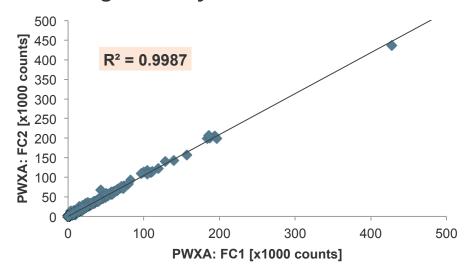
Correlations of Technical Replicates

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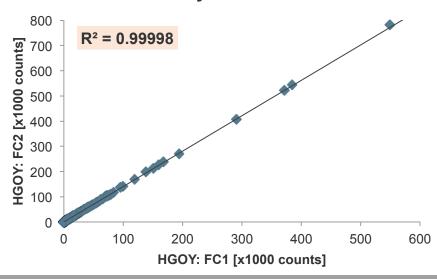
Plant Library ONSU: FC1 vs FC2



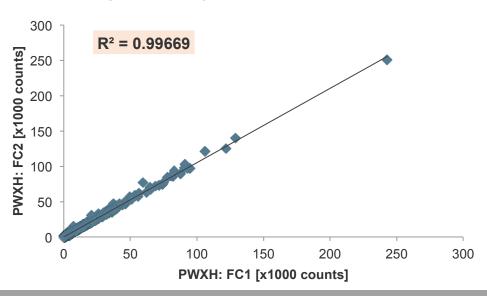
Fungal Library PWXA: FC1 vs FC2



Bacterial Library HGOY: FC1 vs FC2

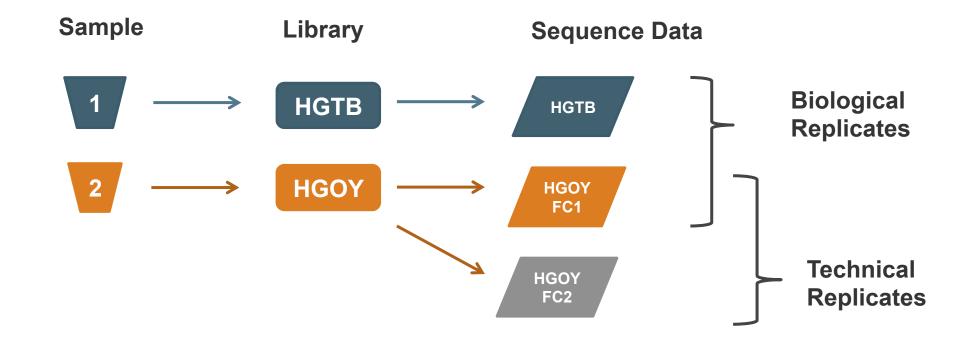


Fungal Library PWXH: FC1 vs FC2

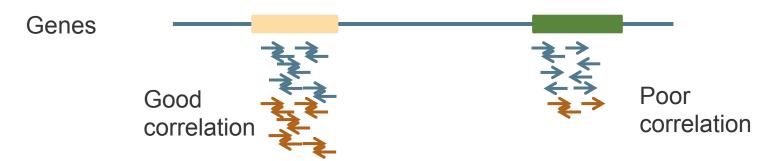


Technical replicates vs Biological replicates





Align sequence reads to reference, count them and evaluate correlation

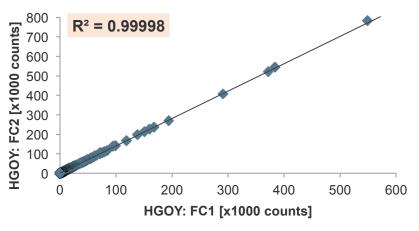


Technical Replicates

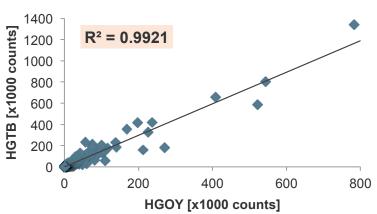
Biological Replicates







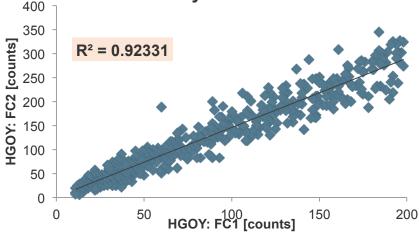
Bacterial Library: HGOY vs HGTB

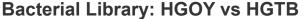


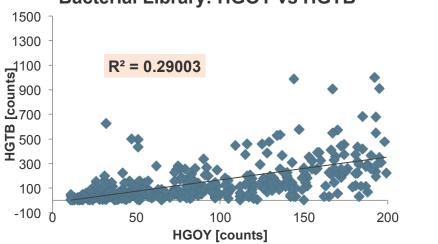


Medium Coverage









- * Genes with >200 counts (same as all counts)
- ** Genes with 11-200 counts